# STRATEGIES AND CONSIDERATIONS WITH MARGIN PROTECTION PROGRAM (MPP-DAIRY)

### **John Newton**

**University of Illinois** 

jcnewt@illinois.edu

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### **Presentation Materials**

Visit the 'Outreach' page at farmdoc.illinois.edu/newton

### PDF of slides available today

Dashboard available today: www.farmdocdaily.illinois.edu

### **Contact Information**



jcnewt@illinois.edu



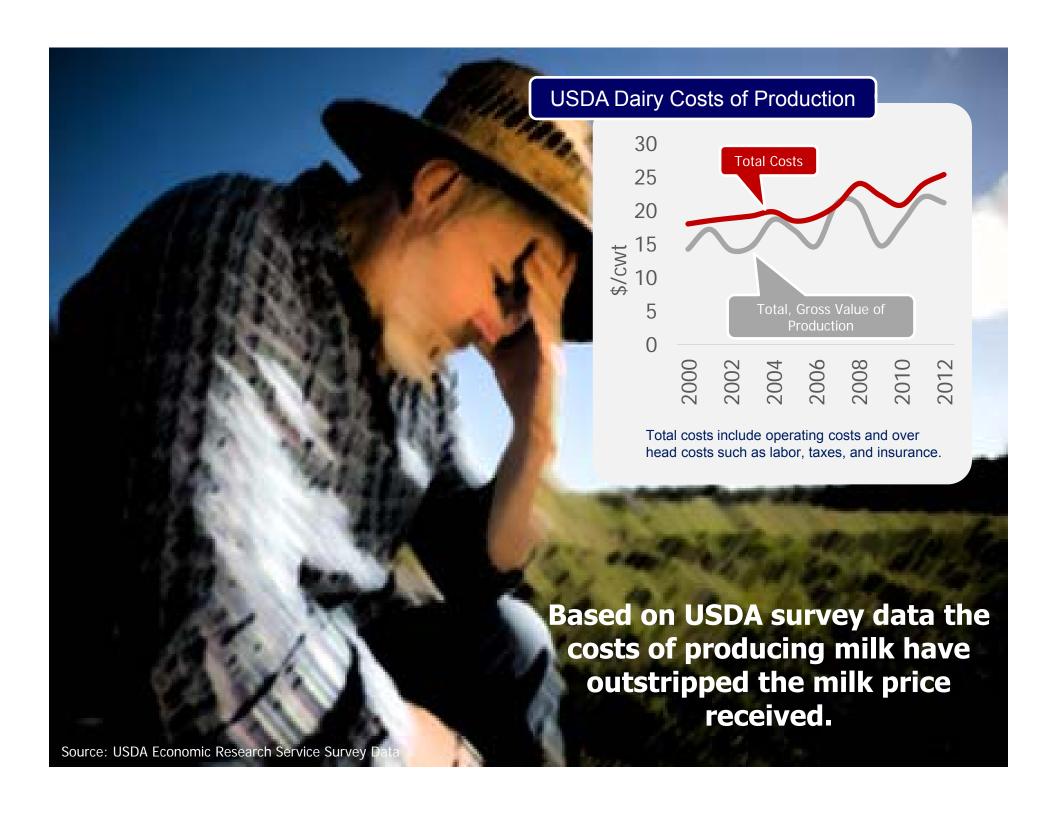
@New10\_AgEcon



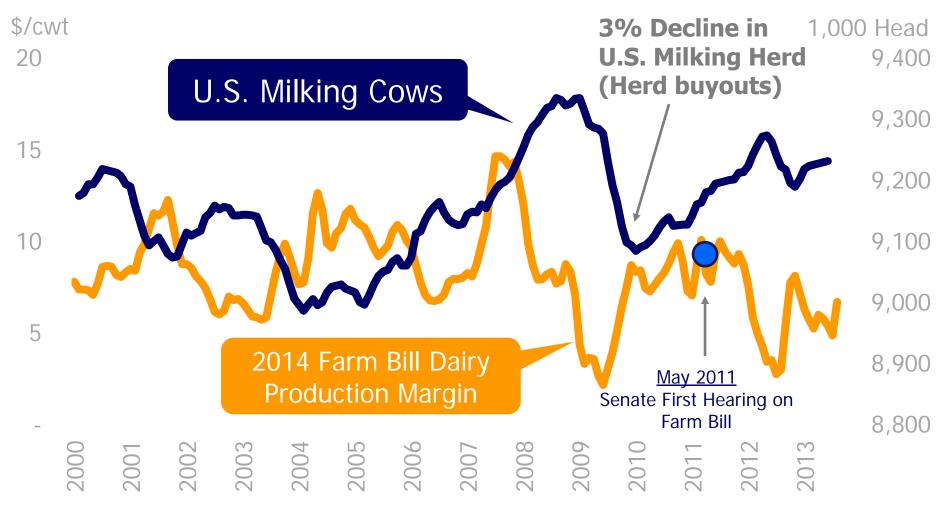
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- Content based on my interpretations of the 2014
   Dairy Title and may vary from final rules
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- Charts, and dashboards are for educational and illustration purposes only
- FSA Regulations on the 2014 Dairy Title are expected on or before September 1, 2014





# Consequences of Margin Variability



Source: USDA National Agricultural Statistics Service and Agricultural Marketing Service



## What is Margin Protection Program (MPP-Dairy)?

- Enacted with 2014 Farm Bill (Feb 2014)
- Voluntary program based on income-over-feedcost margins
- Designed to protect dairymen from single- or multi-year downturns in the production margin
  - Pays indemnity when the average difference between the USDA national All-Milk price and a feed ration index falls below a user selected coverage level
- Consecutive 2-month average margins determine indemnity: Jan/Feb, ..., Nov/Dec
- No eligibility constraints or payment limitations



## **MPP-Dairy Does**

- Provide free coverage at \$4 per cwt (\$100 annual fee)
- Provide a voluntary framework to protect production margins up to \$8 per cwt

## MPP-Dairy Does Not

- Guarantee a profit or minimum income for dairy farmers
- Include milk production quotas or prevent dairy operations from expanding



## **Margin Protection Elements**

IOFC Margin = U.S. All-Milk Price - NASS Corn Price x 1.0728 + AMS SBM x 0.00735 + NASS Alfalfa x 0.0137

#### **Feed Ration**

### Dairy Production Margin

- All-milk price minus feed ration value
- National average formula, cannot be customized

### Production History ("PH")

- Max calendar year production 2011, 2012, 2013
- Revised annually by USDA based on U.S. growth in milk production
- Payment made on production history not based on actual/current milk production (i.e. base acres for dairy)



# Premium Rates Are Fixed for 5-Year Life of Farm Bill

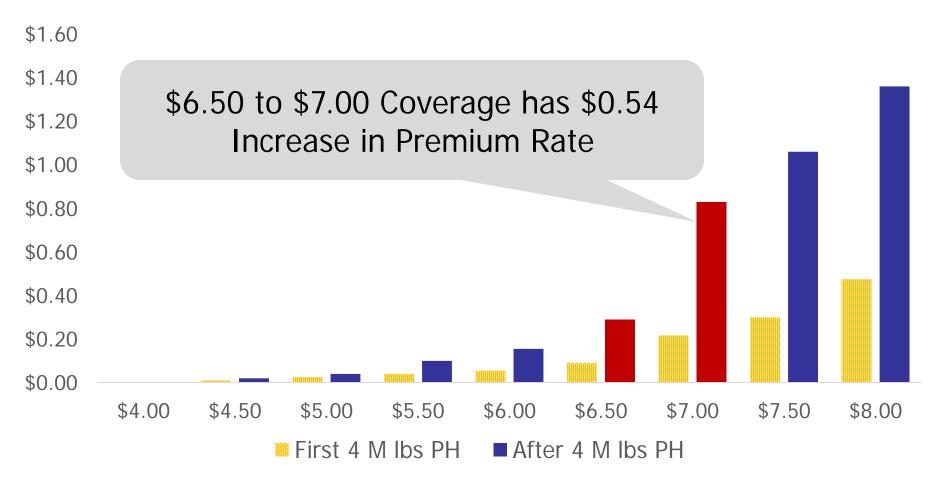
Coverage Level	≤ 4 Mil Lbs	≤ 4 Mil Lbs (Discount)*	> 4 Mil Lbs					
\$/cwt								
\$4.00	Free	Free	Free					
\$4.50	\$0.010	\$0.008	\$0.020					
\$5.00	\$0.025	\$0.019	\$0.040					
\$5.50	\$0.040	\$0.030	\$0.100					
\$6.00	\$0.055	\$0.041	\$0.155					
\$6.50	\$0.090	\$0.070	\$0.290					
\$7.00	\$0.217	\$0.163	\$0.830					
\$7.50	\$0.300	\$0.225	\$1.060					
\$8.00	\$0.475	\$0.475	\$1.360					

<sup>\*</sup> Premium discount of 25% for 2014 and 2015 calendar year protection



# Premium Rates May Alter Participation Incentives

### **Premium Rates**





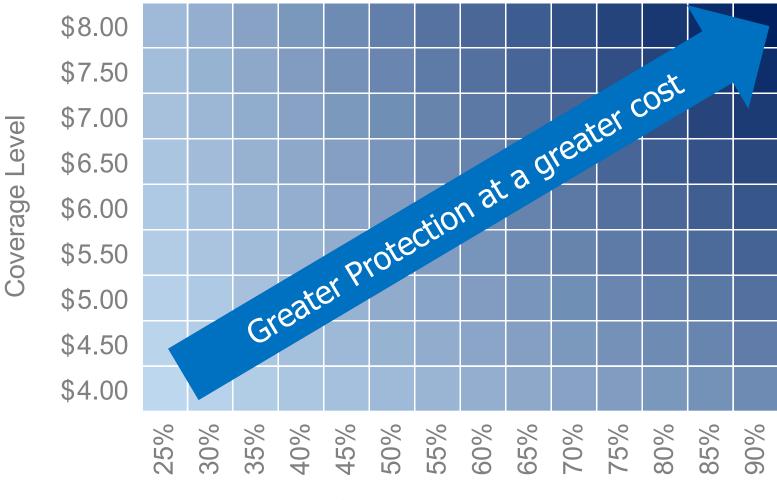
## **Key Farmer Decisions**

### **Each year a farm must choose:**

- Coverage Percentage
  - 25% to 90% of production history in 5% increments
  - Insurable pounds = (Cov %) x (PH)
- Coverage Level
  - \$4 to \$8 per hundredweight in \$0.50 increments
- 126 coverage choice combinations



## **Coverage Options\***



Coverage Percentage

\*126 Possible Coverage Choice Combinations



## **Potential MPP-Dairy Strategies**

### 1) Passive MPP-Dairy strategy

Keep the coverage options fixed for life of farm bill

### 2) Dynamic MPP-Dairy decision

 Change coverage levels annually based on anticipated risk in milk and feed markets

## 3) Integrate MPP-Dairy into existing risk management activities

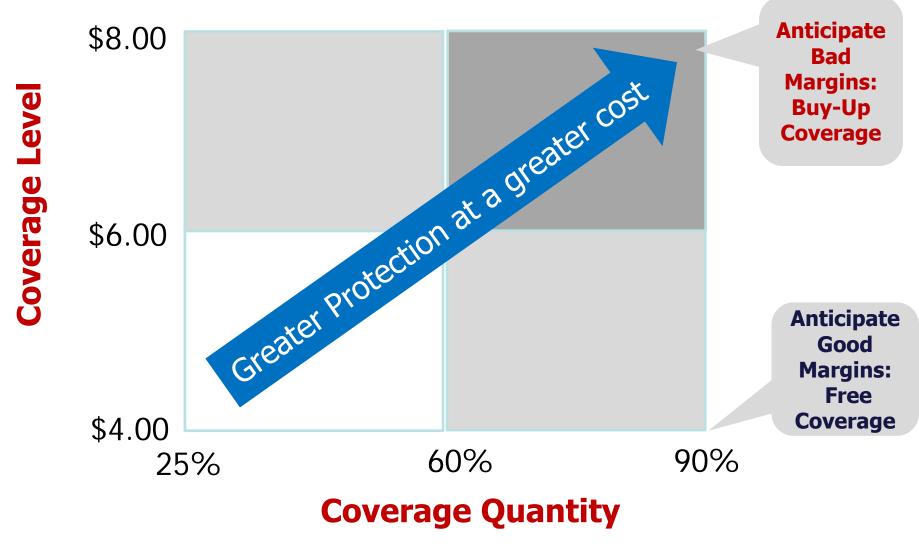


### "Passive" Observations

- No "sweet spot" rule for passive coverage
  - Passive coverage may not work the same for all operations
- For large dairies "passive" strategy may be net IOFC reducing
  - Due to significantly higher premium rates
  - Strategy more important due to participation costs
  - "Dynamic" Strategy or
  - "Anchored Flexibility" –Bozic 2014



## "Dynamic" Observations





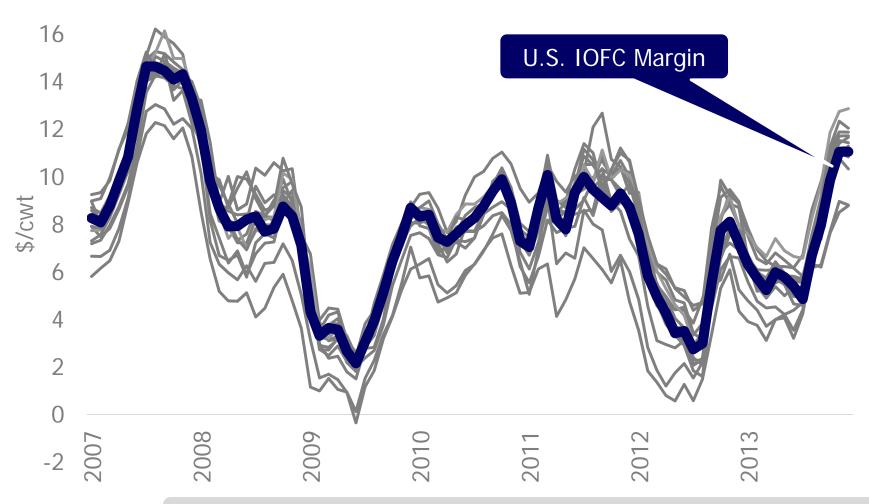
# Integrating MPP-Dairy at Farm-Level

 MPP-Dairy can provide revenue support during margin declines

- How well does MPP-Dairy relate to farm level margins?
  - Jan/Feb payment is April (final prices)
  - No cross 2-month triggers (Dec/Jan)
  - Timing of benefits relative to local margin levels
  - Regional and component basis



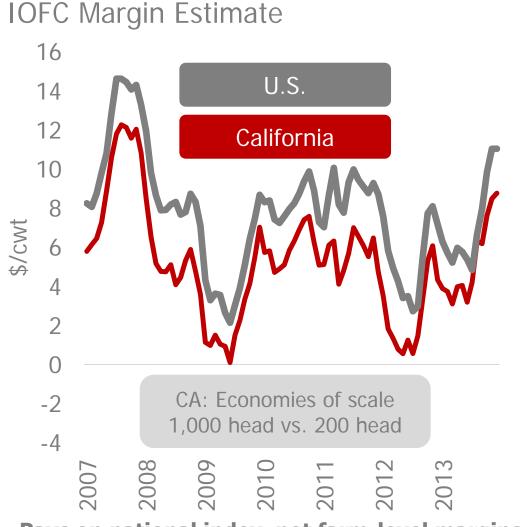
# State-Level "Representative" Margins Correlated w/ National

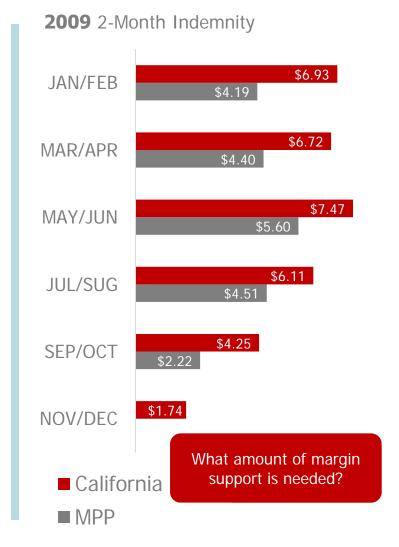


Includes: CA, IL, IN, IA, KY, MI, MN, MO, NY, OH, PA, TX & WI



## "Representative" California Margin

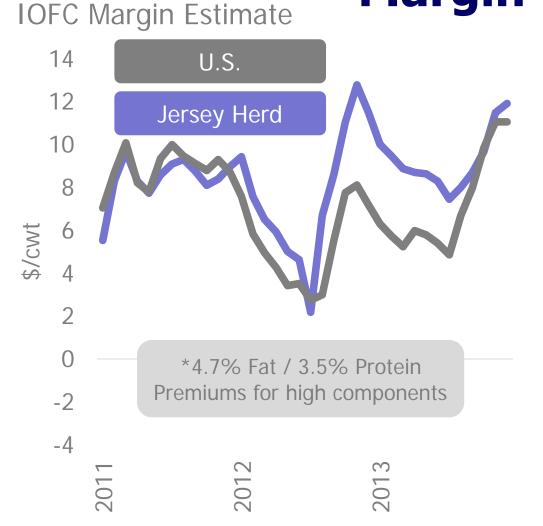








"Representative" Jersey Herd
Margin\*



2012 2-Month Indemnity JAN/FEB \$1.30 \$1.79 MAR/APR \$3.40 \$3.19 MAY/JUN \$4.54 \$3.58 JUL/SUG \$5.14 SEP/OCT NOV/DEC \$0.36 What amount of margin support is needed? Jersey ■ MPP

Pays on national index, not farm-level margins



## Integrating MPP-Dairy at Farm-Level

- Margins across U.S. are correlated
  - Correlation is not slope: CA IOFC ≠ ρ<sub>CORREL</sub> x U.S.
     IOFC
  - Does not tell you how much MPP-Dairy to use
- When will MPP-Dairy payments occur relative to farm-level margin requirements?
  - Determine farm-level margin requirements first
- Farm Level Margins & MPP-Dairy Index
  - Futures/forward contract customization
  - Balance MPP-Dairy lag with use of futures and forwards which pay <u>immediately</u> upon liquidation/settlement



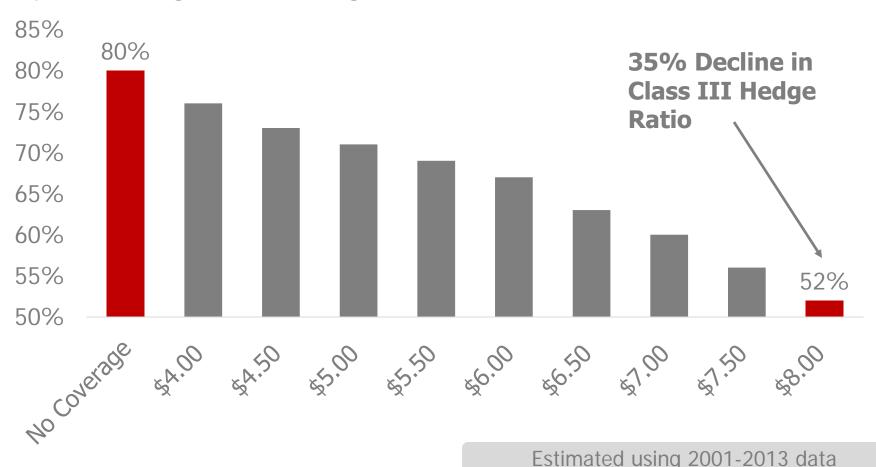
# **Example of Hedging With MPP- Dairy**

- Hedge ratio with and without MPP-Dairy estimated for Wisconsin
  - Modeled Class III futures only
  - Six-month hedging horizon
  - MPP-Dairy at 90%
- Illustrative Purposes Only
  - Historical futures and cash market prices may have been different with MPP-Dairy



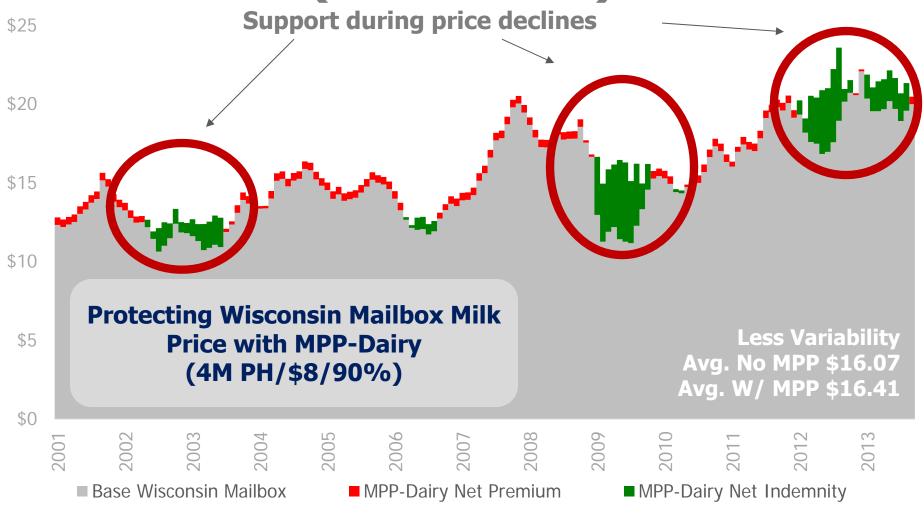
# Wisconsin Mailbox Milk Price Hedge Ratio With Class III Futures

Optimal Hedge Ratio (Hedge 6-Months Out)



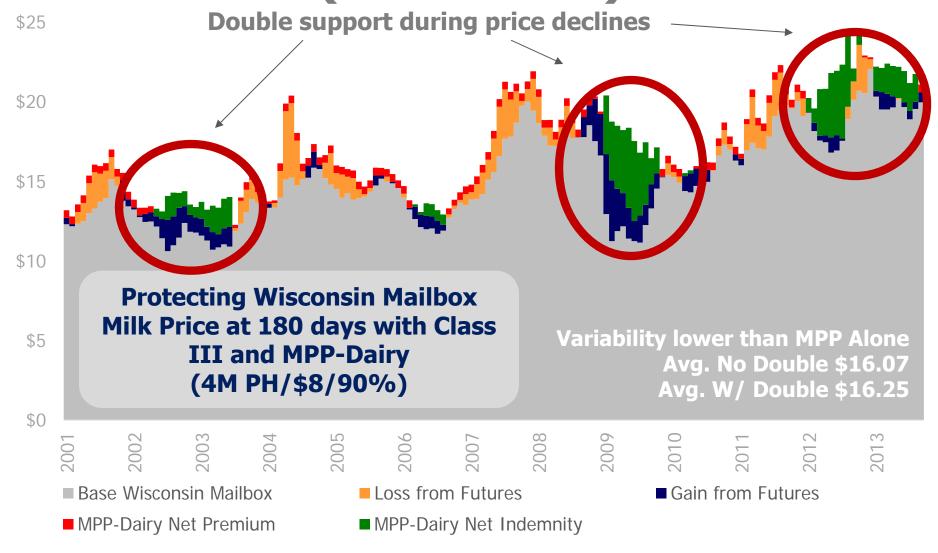


# Protecting With MPP-Dairy (2001-2013)





# Using Both Futures and MPP-Dairy (2001-2013)





## **Farm-Level Integration**

- MPP-Dairy may be a substitute to futures and forward contracts
  - Observed reduction in hedge ratio
  - What about impact on feed risk management?
- Farmers may "double dip" when combining MPP-Dairy and forward/futures
  - Observed overlap in indemnity & positive futures return
  - Costly if Texas hedged (HR > 100%)
  - Consider alternating among risk management tools



# Alternating Among MPP-Dairy and Futures/Forward

## When anticipated margins are above MPP-Dairy strike prices

- Buy less MPP-Dairy
- Increase use of CME futures/options/forwards or LGM-D <u>if allowed</u>

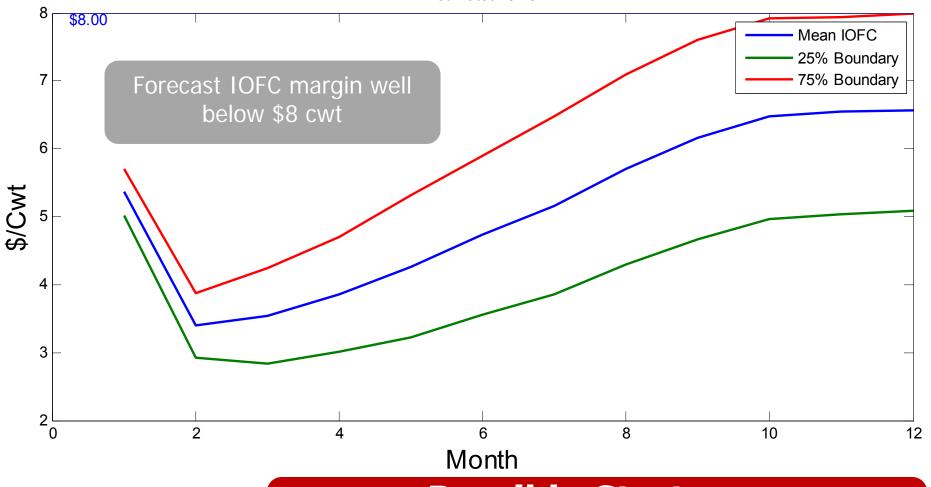
## When anticipated margins are below MPP-Dairy strike prices

- Buy more MPP-Dairy
- Roll back use of CME futures/options and forwards



## **Anticipate Low Margin**

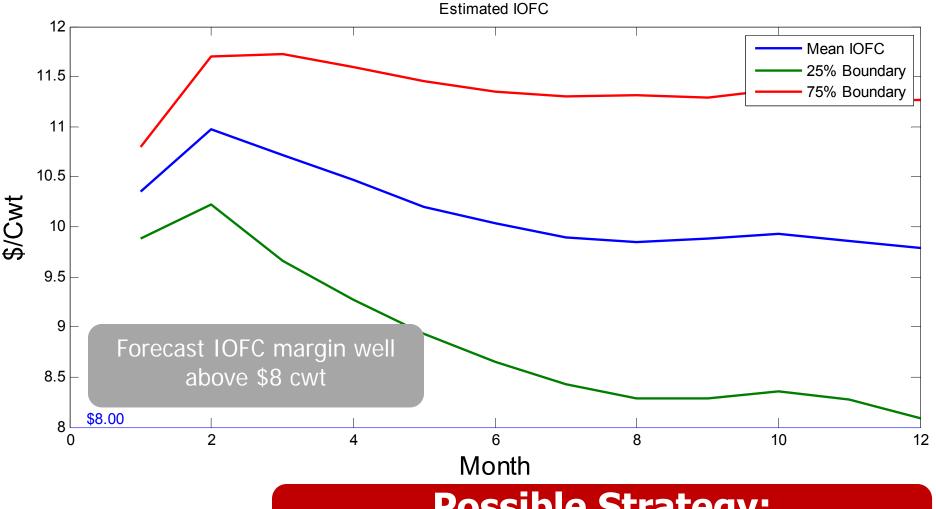




Possible Strategy: MPP-Dairy / Pick \$8 Coverage



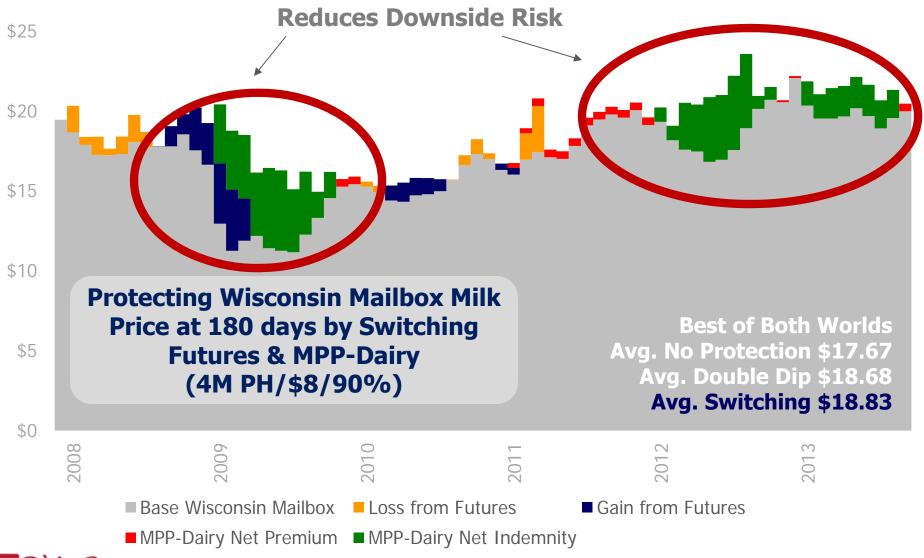
## **Anticipate High Margin**



Possible Strategy: Use Futures/Forward & \$4 MPP



# Risk Management "Switching" (2008-2013)





## Summary: "Skin in the Game"

- MPP-Dairy can provide revenue support during single- or multi-year losses in farm equity
  - Passive strategy may not work for all dairymen
  - Dynamic strategies can be creative (may involve alternating coverage choices annually)
- Can be integrated with futures/options and forward to improve risk management at farm
  - What level of integration is best?
- Goal to shift dairymen into new era ("Skin in the Game")
  - Not actuarially fair as premiums do not reflect risk in milk and feed market prices
  - Potential to revise/improve in next farm bill



## **Some Unanswered Questions**

- Sign-up deadline compared to coverage start date
  - Report 3/25/2014 of 90-120 day gap
  - <u>http://farmdocdaily.illinois.edu/authors/john\_newton/</u>
- Five year or annual participation
- How will premiums be calculated?
- How will premiums be paid (annually, bimonthly,...,at end of year)
- Treatment of new operations versus expansion of existing dairy

### **FSA Regulations Will Provide Additional Clarity**

September 1, 2014 Deadline



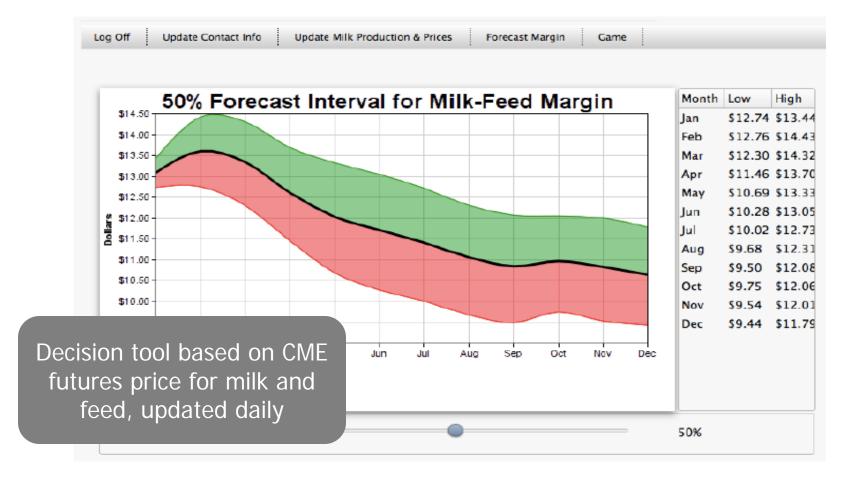
## **D-MaP Ongoing Research Projects**

- Final development stages of MPP-Dairy decision tool
  - Will utilize real time market information to help farmers make annual coverage decisions
- Improved LGM-D decision aid
  - Dr. Gould's "Dairy Risk Analyzer"
- Will MPP-Dairy interfere with private risk management?
  - Dr. Bozic research project with USDA ERS examining VaR Hedge Ratios/ "Crowding Out"
  - Drs. Stephenson, Bozic and Wolf recent survey of interaction of MPP-Dairy and futures market
- Crowd Sourcing as a forecasting technique
  - Drs. Novakovic and Newton investigating if crowd sourcing may outperform futures as a forecasting tool

www.dairymarkets.org



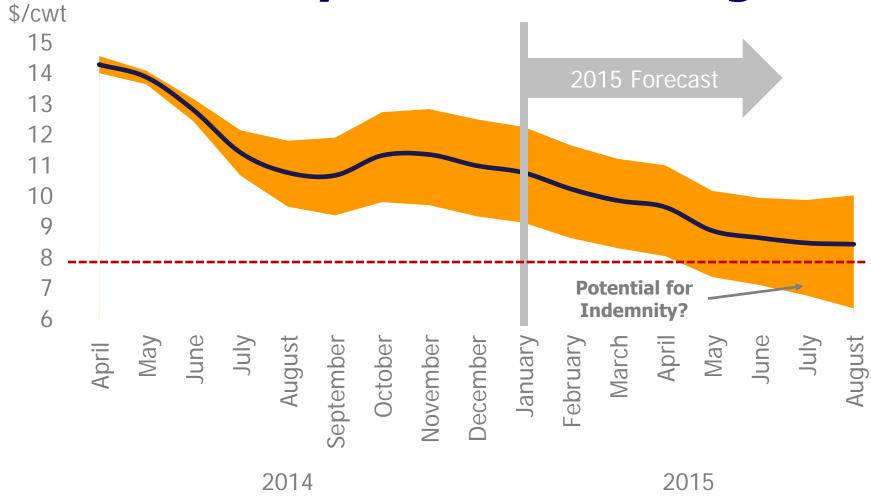
# Coming Soon: Web-Based Decision Tool



www.dairymarkets.org



# Decision Tool Forecast 17 Month U.S. Dairy Production Margin







## Interactive Dashboard from Presentation Released Online at <a href="https://www.farmdocdaily.illinois.edu">www.farmdocdaily.illinois.edu</a>

## **Questions?**

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### **THANK YOU**

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